

Researchers from the UPR Institute of neurobiology study human brain synapses ^[1]

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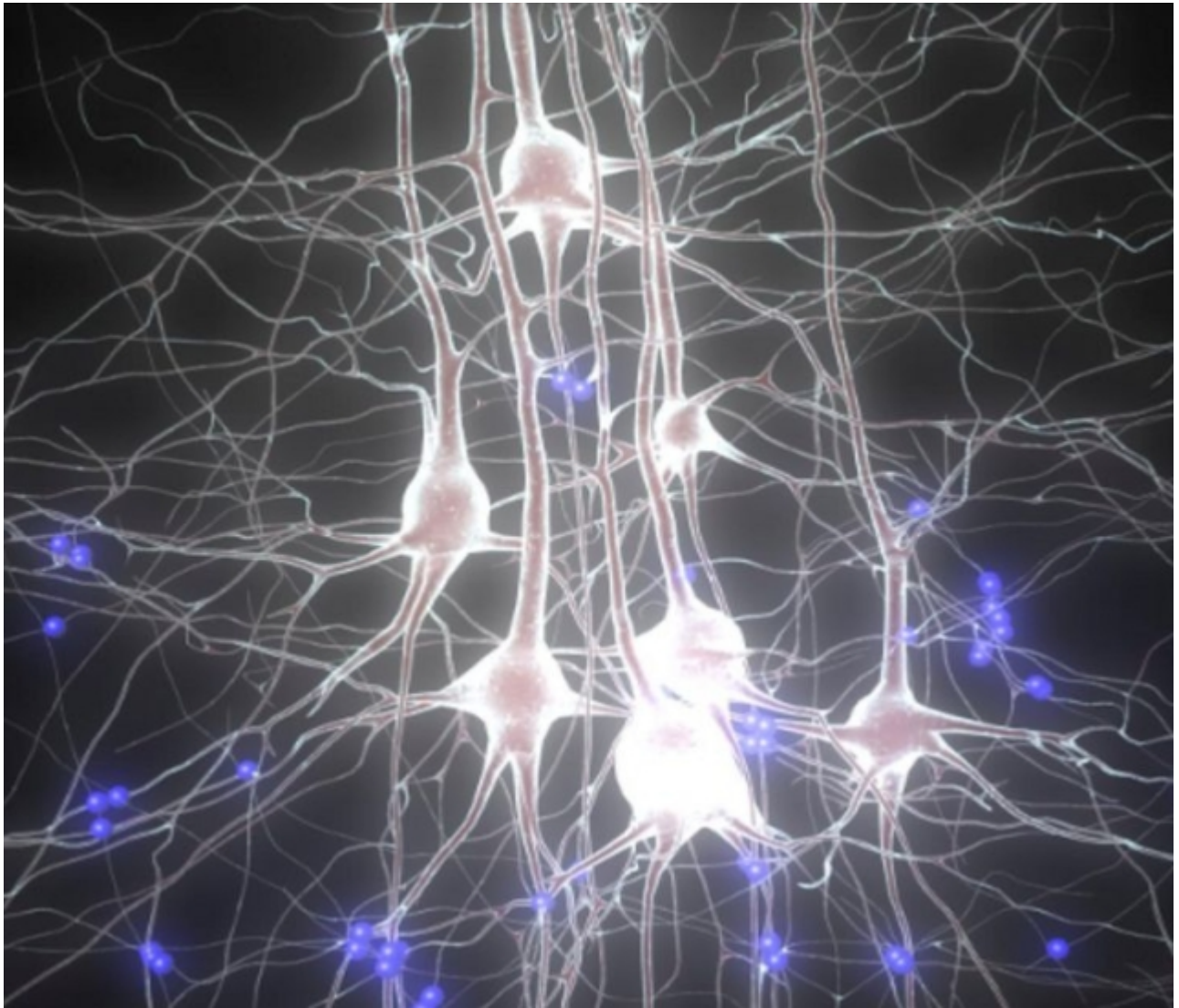
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Un gen llamado “Engrailed”, está involucrado en procesos de comunicación entre neuronas en el cerebro, los cuales pueden estar alterados en el desarrollo de enfermedades mentales.

Jonathan Blagburn, Rosa Blanco and other researchers at the UPR Institute of Neurobiology want to determine the origin and development of neural synapses, and their impact on autism.

The original article is available in Spanish.

Content Categories: • Biological and health sciences ^[3]

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